

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. *(currently amended)*: A method for obtaining a prognosis for a subject having, or at risk of developing, an inflammatory condition, the method comprising determining a genotype of said subject ~~at position 5318 or at position 4007 of SEQ ID NO: 1 which includes one or more polymorphic sites in the subject's thrombomodulin sequence,~~ wherein said genotype is indicative of an ability of the subject to recover from the inflammatory condition.

2. *(original)*: The method of claim 1, wherein the polymorphic site is at position 5318 of SEQ ID NO:1 ~~or at a polymorphic site in linkage disequilibrium thereto.~~

**3. Canceled**

4. *(previously presented)*: The method of claim 2, wherein the polymorphic site in linkage disequilibrium with position 5318 has a D' value of  $\geq 0.8$  or  $r^2$  value  $\geq 0.8$ .

5. *(previously presented)*: The method of claim 1, further comprising comparing the genotype so determined with known genotypes which are known to be indicative of a prognosis for recovery from:

- (i) the subject's type of inflammatory condition; or
- (ii) another inflammatory condition.

6. *(previously presented)*: The method of claim 2, further comprising determining the thrombomodulin sequence information for the subject.

7. *(previously presented)*: The method of claim 2, wherein said determining of genotype is performed on a nucleic acid sample from the subject.

8. *(original)*: The method of claim 7, further comprising obtaining a nucleic acid sample from the subject.

9. *(previously presented)*: The method of claim 1, wherein said determining of genotype comprises one or more of:

- (a) restriction fragment length analysis;
- (b) sequencing;
- (c) hybridization;
- (d) oligonucleotide ligation assay;
- (e) ligation rolling circle amplification;
- (f) 5' nuclease assay;
- (g) polymerase proofreading methods;
- (h) allele specific PCR; and
- (i) reading sequence data.

10. *(currently amended)*: The method of claim 1, wherein a risk genotype for the subject is indicative of a decreased likelihood of recovery from [[an]] the inflammatory condition or an increased risk of having a poor outcome.

11. *(original)*: The method of claim 10, wherein the subject is critically ill and the risk genotype is indicative of a prognosis of severe cardiovascular or respiratory dysfunction.

12. *(previously presented)*: The method of claim 10, wherein the risk genotype comprises at least one A nucleotide at position 5318 or at least one C nucleotide at position 4007 of SEQ ID NO:1.

13. *(currently amended)*: The method of claim 1, wherein the protective genotype of the subject is indicative of an increased likelihood of recovery from [[an]] the inflammatory condition.

14. *(original)*: The method of claim 13, wherein the subject is critically ill and the protective genotype is indicative of a prognosis of less severe cardiovascular or respiratory dysfunction.

15. *(previously presented)*: The method of claim 13, wherein the protective genotype is homozygous for the C nucleotide at position 5318 or homozygous for the T nucleotide at position 4007 of SEQ ID NO:1.

16. *(currently amended)*: The method of claim 1, wherein the inflammatory condition is selected from the group consisting of: sepsis, septicemia, pneumonia, septic shock, systemic inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS), Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS), acute lung injury, aspiration pneumonitis, infection, pancreatitis, bacteremia, peritonitis, abdominal abscess,

inflammation due to trauma, inflammation due to surgery, chronic inflammatory disease, ischemia ischemia-reperfusion injury of an organ or tissue, tissue damage due to disease, tissue damage due to chemotherapy or radiotherapy, and reactions to ingested, inhaled, infused, injected, or delivered substances, glomerulonephritis, bowel infection, opportunistic infections, and for patients undergoing major surgery or dialysis, patients who are immunocompromised, patients on immunosuppressive agents, patients with HIV/AIDS, patients with suspected endocarditis, patients with fever, patients with fever of unknown origin, patients with cystic fibrosis, patients with diabetes mellitus, patients with chronic renal failure, patients with bronchiectasis, patients with chronic obstructive lung disease, chronic bronchitis, emphysema, or asthma, patients with febrile neutropenia, patients with meningitis, patients with septic arthritis, patients with urinary tract infection, patients with necrotizing fasciitis, patients with other suspected Group A streptococcus infection, patients who have had a splenectomy, patients with recurrent or suspected enterococcus infection, other medical and surgical conditions associated with increased risk of infection, Gram positive sepsis, Gram negative sepsis, culture negative sepsis, fungal sepsis, meningococemia, post-pump syndrome, cardiac stun syndrome, stroke, congestive heart failure, hepatitis, epiglottitis, *E. coli* 0157:H7, malaria, gas gangrene, toxic shock syndrome, pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, HELP syndrome, mycobacterial tuberculosis, *Pneumocystis* ~~*Pneumocystis*~~ *carinii*, pneumonia, Leishmaniasis, hemolytic uremic syndrome/thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura, Dengue hemorrhagic fever, pelvic inflammatory disease, Legionella, Lyme disease, Influenza A, Epstein-Barr virus, encephalitis, inflammatory diseases and autoimmunity including rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, progressive systemic sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, inflammatory bowel disease, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, sarcoidosis, hypersensitivity pneumonitis, systemic vasculitis, Wegener's granulomatosis, transplants including heart, liver, lung kidney bone marrow, graft-versus-host disease, transplant rejection, sickle cell anemia, nephrotic syndrome, toxicity of agents such as OKT3, cytokine therapy, and cirrhosis.

17. (*previously presented*): The method of claim 1, wherein the inflammatory condition is SIRS.

**18 to 23. CANCELLED**

24. (*withdrawn*): A method for selecting a group of subjects for determining the efficacy of a candidate drug known or suspected of being useful for the treatment of an inflammatory condition, the method comprising determining a genotype for one or more polymorphic sites in the thrombomodulin sequence for each subject, wherein said genotype is indicative of the subject's ability to recover from the inflammatory condition and sorting subjects based on their genotype.

25. *(withdrawn)*: The method of claim 24 further comprising, administering the candidate drug to the subjects or a subset of subjects and determining each subject's ability to recover from the inflammatory condition.

26. *(withdrawn)*: The method of claim 25, further comprising comparing subject response to the candidate drug based on genotype of the subject.

27. *(withdrawn)*: An oligonucleotide of about 10 to about 400 nucleotides that hybridizes specifically to a sequence contained in a human target sequence consisting of SEQ ID NO:1, a complementary sequence of the target sequence or RNA equivalent of the target sequence and wherein the oligonucleotide is operable in determining a polymorphism genotype.

## **28. CANCELED**

29. *(withdrawn)*: An oligonucleotide probe selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a probe that hybridizes under high stringency conditions to a nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1 having a A at position 5318 but not to a nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1 having a C at position 5318;
- (b) a probe that hybridizes under high stringency conditions to a nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1 having a C at position 5318 but not to a nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1 having a A at position 5318;
- (c) a probe that hybridizes under high stringency conditions to a nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1 having a C at position 4007 but not to a nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1 having a T at position 4007; and
- (d) a probe that hybridizes under high stringency conditions to a nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1 having a T at position 4007 but not to a nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1 having a C at position 4007.

30. *(withdrawn)*: An array of nucleic acid molecules attached to a solid support, the array comprising one or more oligonucleotides selected from the following:

- (a) an oligonucleotide that will hybridize to a nucleic acid molecule consisting of SEQ ID NO:1, wherein the nucleotide at position 5318 is A, under conditions in which the oligonucleotide will not substantially hybridize to a nucleic acid molecule consisting of SEQ ID NO:1 wherein the nucleotide at position 5318 is C;
- (b) an oligonucleotide that will hybridize to a nucleic acid molecule consisting of SEQ ID NO:1, wherein the nucleotide at position 5318 is C, under conditions in which the oligonucleotide will not substantially hybridize to a nucleic acid molecule consisting of SEQ ID NO:1 wherein the nucleotide at position 5318 is A;

- (c) an oligonucleotide that will hybridize to a nucleic acid molecule consisting of SEQ ID NO:1, wherein the nucleotide at position 4007 is C, under conditions in which the oligonucleotide will not substantially hybridize to a nucleic acid molecule consisting of SEQ ID NO:1 wherein the nucleotide at position 4007 is T; and
- (d) an oligonucleotide that will hybridize to a nucleic acid molecule consisting of SEQ ID NO:1, wherein the nucleotide at position 4007 is T, under conditions in which the oligonucleotide will not substantially hybridize to a nucleic acid molecule consisting of SEQ ID NO:1 wherein the nucleotide at position 4007 is C.

**31 to 33: CANCELED**

34. *(withdrawn)*: An oligonucleotide of claim 27 further comprising one or more of the following: a detectable label; a quencher; a mobility modifier; a contiguous non-target sequence situated 5' or 3' to the target sequence.

35. *(withdrawn)*: A computer readable medium comprising a plurality of digitally encoded genotype correlations selected from the thrombomodulin genotype correlations in TABLE 2B, wherein each correlation of the plurality has a value representing an ability to recover from an inflammatory condition.

36. *(withdrawn)*: An oligonucleotide of claim 29 further comprising one or more of the following: a detectable label; a quencher; a mobility modifier; a contiguous non-target sequence situated 5' or 3' to the target sequence